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proposed place of construction or maintenance of such stable is unobjectionable from the point of view of sanitation and of the health and physical welfare of the inhabitants of the immediate neighborhood of its location.

SEC. 4. The board of supervisors shall not refuse a permit for the maintenance of a stable in a building now constructed and maintained as a stable except upon satisfactory evidence that such stable is conducted in an insanitary manner and the failure to remove the objection to the manner of its maintenance within a time to be prescribed by the board of supervisors.

SEC. 5. A permit granted hereunder is subject to revocation by the board of supervisors.

SEC. 6. No permit shall be refused or revoked by the board of supervisors except after a full hearing and then only in the exercise of a sound and reasonable discretion by said board.

SEC. 7. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SAN JOSE, CAL.

Milk and Cream—Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. Nov. 6, 1914.)

SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, persons, or corporation to sell or offer for sale, or to have in his possession for the purpose of sale, within the city of San Jose, milk or cream without having a license for the sale thereof as hereinafter provided; or to sell or offer for sale, or have in his possession for the purpose of sale, milk or cream from any cow fed in whole or in part on food calculated to render the milk or cream of such cow unwholesome or unsuitable for human food; or milk to which water, or any foreign substance, has been added, or which contains less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent butter fat; or cream to which water or any foreign substance has been added, or which contains less than 20 per cent butter fat; or milk drawn from cows affected with any form of disease, or from cows which are supplied with water which is unwholesome, or from cows which are kept in a filthy condition; or milk drawn from cows by milkers who are themselves diseased; or milk or cream which is shown by analysis to contain any substance or substances whatsoever not natural constituents of milk; or milk or cream which has been deprived either wholly or in part of any constituent naturally contained in milk; or milk drawn from cows within 15 days before, or within 5 days after parturition.

Milk containing less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent butter fat may be sold if it is sold as skimmed milk and the words "skimmed milk" are distinctly marked in black letters of not less than 2 inches in length upon the outside and near the top of each can, measure, or other vessel used in the sale or delivery of such milk.

SEC. 2. The board of health of the city of San Jose shall issue quarterly licenses to sell milk and cream within said city, but no such license shall be issued except upon the conditions hereinbefore and hereinafter expressed. No license shall be issued for a longer period than three months and all licenses shall become null and void on December 31, March 31, June 30, or September 30 next after date of issue.

SEC. 3. The board of health, before granting a license to sell milk or cream as herein provided, shall satisfy themselves that the cow or cows, producing the milk or cream to be offered for sale or for consumption, are free from tuberculosis and other dangerous, contagious, or infectious diseases; and that the premises on which they are kept, and the utensils thereon, are in a clean and sanitary condition; and said board of health may, in its discretion, require the person applying for said license to produce a certificate of health, signed by a legally practicing veterinary surgeon, together with a specific statement from said veterinary surgeon that he has applied the tuberculin test to said cow or cows within six months immediately preceding the application for such license.

In said certificate it shall be specified how many, if any, of said cows were found to have tuberculosis, or to be otherwise diseased; and a definite description of said diseased animal or animals, so that they may be easily recognized by the board of health or its authorized agent or employee.

The board of health may, in its discretion, appoint any competent person to examine any cow or cows the milk from which is being sold in the city of San Jose, and said person shall be authorized to apply the tuberculin test to said cow or cows. In the event that any veterinary surgeon, or other person employed to examine said cows, finds any such cow or cows affected with tuberculosis, or other dangerous disease likely to render the milk unfit for human consumption, said board of health shall cause such cow or cows to be marked in such manner as will make the identification of such cow or cows possible, and the marking indestructible; and any cow or cows so marked must be removed from the premises from which it is proposed to sell milk or cream within five days after such marking.

The veterinary surgeon, or other authorized person, who has examined said cow or cows as aforesaid, must make affidavit before the city clerk of San Jose that all statements contained in said certificate of health are true and correct.

No milk or cream shall be sold or delivered within the city of San Jose which is produced from any cow or cows maintained upon any premises the owner, or person having charge of which, refuses to submit to any of the provisions of this ordinance.

If any vendor of milk or cream, or the owner of any cow or herd of cows, shall have misrepresented any essential facts in obtaining a license as aforesaid, or upon proof that any such vendor has violated any of the conditions upon which said license was issued, or that he or his agents, servants, or employees, or the owner or owners of the cow or cows from which the milk vended by him is produced have willfully violated any of the provisions of this ordinance, the said license may be revoked by the board of health after notice and hearing.

SEC. 4. All licenses shall contain an agreement, on the part of the licensee, to faithfully keep with the city of San Jose all of the conditions of this ordinance.

SEC. 4½. At the time of delivery of the license herein provided, the applicant for said license shall pay a fee in keeping with the following schedule:

If the applicant has been selling, or intends to sell, milk and cream or milk or cream, the fee shall be—

	Per quarter.
Not more than 29 gallons per month.....	\$0.50
30 gallons and not more than 119 gallons.....	2.00
120 gallons and not more than 239 gallons.....	2.50
240 gallons and not more than 499 gallons.....	3.00
500 gallons and not more than 999 gallons.....	4.00
1,000 gallons and not more than 1,999 gallons.....	5.00
2,000 gallons or more.....	6.00

These shall be paid quarterly in advance upon the receipt of the license.

This section shall not apply to cream shipped into the city for the manufacture of butter.

SEC. 5. Any person having milk or cream in his possession for sale, or in process of delivery in the city of San Jose, shall, upon demand, deliver to the board of health or its authorized agent or employee, free of charge, for the purpose of examination, a quantity of such milk or cream not exceeding 3 ounces taken from each can or other vessel in which the milk or cream is contained.

SEC. 6. No license herein provided for shall be transferable except by the written permission of the secretary of the board of health.

SEC. 6½. No person or dealer in milk or milk products, and no employee or agent of such dealer in milk or milk products, except such as may sell for consumption upon the premises where sold, shall give, furnish, sell, offer for sale, or deliver any

milk or cream in quantities of less than 1 gallon unless the same be kept, offered for sale, exposed for sale, sold, or delivered in sanitary transparent glass bottles, the same to be sealed with a suitable cap or stopper. The said bottles shall be sealed immediately after the filling of the same, which filling and sealing shall only be done in a milk house, or creamery or other place, the sanitary condition of which has been approved by the board of health.

SEC. 7. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding \$100, or by imprisonment in the city prison not exceeding 30 days.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.

Garbage and Refuse—Care and Disposal. (Ord. 235, July 6, 1914.)

SECTION 1. For the purpose of this ordinance the word "garbage" shall be held to include every refuse accumulation of animal, fruit, or vegetable matter that attends the preparation, use, cooking, dealing in or storage of meats, fish, fowl, birds, fruit, or vegetables; it shall also be held to include swill and kitchen and table refuse of every kind excepting dishwater or waste water. The word "refuse" shall be held to include ashes, tin cans, and all other waste material, except garbage, naturally accumulating at residences and business places.

SEC. 2. No garbage or refuse shall hereafter be burned on any street, alley, common, or public place within the limits of the said city; nor shall any person place garbage or refuse upon any private property, whether owned by such person or not, unless the same shall be inclosed in proper vessels or receptacles as provided in this ordinance.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to throw or deposit, or cause to be thrown or deposited any garbage or refuse upon any street, alley, gutter, sidewalk, or public ground of said city: *Provided*, That substances deposited by virtue of building permits are hereby expressly excepted.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of every tenant, lessee, or occupant of any dwelling house, hotel, restaurant, and place of business of any kind having garbage or refuse to be disposed of to provide and at all times to keep within such building, or on the lot or lots on which such building is situated, suitable and sufficient vessels or receptacles for receiving and holding without leakage or odors, all the garbage and refuse that may accumulate between the times of the collection thereof, as the same shall be fixed by the common council. The vessels holding the garbage shall have a capacity not exceeding 20 gallons, with bails and handles and with close-fitting covers thereto. Such vessels shall be filled only to within 4 inches of the top. The vessels or receptacles for holding the refuse shall be provided with suitable covers and so constructed that two men can lift them and their contents into a refuse wagon. Said garbage and refuse vessels or receptacles shall be placed in such places as shall be readily accessible at all times for the purpose of removing or emptying the same (upon the line of an alley whenever possible or convenient), and where said vessels or receptacles shall not be a public nuisance in any respect, and in no case to be placed in the limits of any street or alley.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of each tenant, occupant, or lessee having garbage or refuse to dispose of, to place in such vessels or receptacles all garbage or refuse accumulating on his or her said premises, between such times of removal thereof, as may be established by the common council, and nothing but garbage and refuse as defined in this ordinance, shall be placed in such vessels or receptacles.

SEC. 6. The board of health shall be the exclusive judge of the sufficiency of vessels and receptacles for garbage and refuse provided for by this ordinance.

SEC. 7. All garbage and refuse deposited in said vessels and receptacles shall be removed at the expense of the city of Sault Ste. Marie, at such regular intervals as may from time to time be established.